WHY THE ALOOFNESS OF NEW YORK?

N Observant Provincial. Speaking for Millions of Others, Tells How They Regard the Metropolis-Also How the Metropolis Views Yap, Who, After All, Has a Big Advantage

Mrs. Josiah Soandso from Kenosha

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other kinds of graphical maps illustrate mountains, aloofness, and no Yank or bean eater ever unbidden rivers, watersheds, towns, cities and other features of crossed the line. interest to scientists, with each State displayed in red, dull gray or a colorless khaki.

New Yorkers-not meaning a few brave, adventurous spirits, but the average man, as you would neatness and discipline, their officers were the best reach out and touch him on the streets-regard the looking in the streets of the towns, but at admiration rest of the United States much as the early Spanish | all Intercourse stopped. On the second day out there

that the elegant lady whom he had been admiring in the restaurant as one of the fabled Four Hundred was none other than Mrs. Josiah Soandso, from

And the way in which they eye each other, these the man or woman from outside the pale.

New York in War.

In the summer of 1909 the United States government threw some 15,000 young men of various States into two heterogeneous masses for the attack and defence of Boston. On the surface they were the citizen soldiery of four States and the District of Columbia, all armed, equipped, directed and trained exactly alike, under the unifying process of the modern organized militia. At heart they were young men of every class, from banker to hostler, each representative of the State from which he came.

For eight days these young men on both sides of the mimic war marched, fought, lived and, as the issue proved, suffered together. And to a close observer there evolved one of the most interesting points on this very question which is being discussed

Inside of a day the men of New Jersey, Connecticut and the District of Columbia were fraternizing to gether like brothers. The minute peace was declared they were over the line exchanging tobacco and canteen drinks with the "enemy" from Massachusetts.

And, alone in all this feasting and rejoicing, stood the camps of the New York city battalions, as closely marked as if they were hostile, in dignified aloofness from all the others. Lean, gaunt Yankees from Connecticut, jovial troopers from New Jersey and even OR the purposes of many persons a proper map grinning negroes from the District of Columbia were of the United States would show a large black hailing each other in the streets of Hanover Four dot on the Atlantic coast labelled "New Corners like brothers in arms, passing in and out of York," and for the rest a huge blank space one another's camps, exchanging tokens of the campaign, while behind the picket lines of the New York-Geographical maps, topographical maps and many ers the city soldiers stared and glared in strange

An officer of those days says that in the week's green or some other fancy color, but a sociographical campaign he made firm friends with men from every map would show the Island of Manhattan in a deep other State, but not once did he speak to a New crimson, fading off into pink and faint rose to include Yorker except on a single occasion when he had busieverything as far as New Rochelle and the near half ness at the camp of a New York battery and asked of Long Island, while the remainder of the United his way, to be met by exactly that same suspicious States would wear simply some unitone, preferably a stare that the provincial gets when he asks his way in the streets of New York.

The New York regiments were perfect models of

day when the New Yorkers are pouring out the provincials are pouring in. Let the visitor be a man of well to do circumstances, a man of culture and educa-Europe, but yet a stranger in his own city of New

Mr. Provincial's Experiences.

He arrives with a recommendation of a hotel, neglects to go to the station cab office and hires a the creature's open gratitude.

savors too much of despair.

At dinner the world will become rosy once more, for "breathes there a man with soul so dead," &c. The tion, possibly familiar with Paris and the cities of first thing to strike the visitor will be the music in the dining room, and under its subtle strains he will realize without fall that he was made for city life and will wonder why he does not come to New York every week or two.

The men and women in evening clothes and the given him by some friend who has added exact di- marvellous beauty of some of the red cheeks will also rections for getting there, has possibly drawn a little strike him, and he will wonder what is "going on" map on the back of an envelope. At the very station that night. The only flaw in his cup of bliss will be the fear of the city begins to creep over him. Other the gnawing perplexity as to whether he ought to tip passengers are tearing in a great rush for the the waiter before or after he is served. He has heard gates; every one seems to know just where to go so much about the evils of the tipping system that it sheep and goats! For no patriotic Hungarian ever except himself; and finally, in the blankness of de- will be a distinct surprise when the head waiter fails regarded with deeper suspicion a Philistine German- spair, he throws the map to the winds and drops into to grab him by the throat as he leaves the room and Austrian than does the average New Yorker regard the clutches of the nearest cabman, the great maze demand a dollar bill. Being a well meaning provincial of the city, which had seemed so simple on the map, he will probably give the waiter the largest tip he has becoming a hopeless jungle to him. Of course he received that evening and will be quite surprised at

end is a great trip for the provincial, and on that very stincts, but the best authorities do not advise this. It a preconceived notion that all New York theatres were built on the principle of the Hippodrome, and even that, sorrowful to relate, is not as big as the State armory in our town. Some metropolitan manager should build a house with an orchestra exactly one mile long as a special upholder of provincial

The metropolitan feeling will come back, however, once the visitor gets into the lighted streets. Being of an adventurous disposition, he will not return to his own hotel, but will seek some good cafe.

Here the eager spring of the waiters to show him a table will restore his feeling of self-importance, and, like as not, he will settle back, saying to himself, "Ah, it's good to be in little old New York again!"

He will then watch the incoming customers with eager eyes, painting the most glorious romances about them. Those women, gorgeous with jewels, regal in their low cut gowns, who can they be? he wonders. He envies the careless grace with which their escorts chat with them. Their talk must be the brilliant repartee that one reads in the novels, with snatches



Little Old Milwaukee Is Good Enough for Me explorers regarded America in general, simply as a out attracting undue attention. giving him the price of the peanut gallery for the first time in six months where would charity cease?

place to go out and get gold, to spend, on return, in the mother country.

Provincials, on the other hand (and as this is written by one of them no offence is meant in the title), regard New York as a place in which to spend money; to look open eyed at Vanity Fair from a seat in the gallery, or as one in which they may wear stylish clothes with-

This grand division of population into New Yorkers and others is a condition which has a parallel in no other country in the world, except perhaps in France, where they have Parisians and others. In England the prevalence of great country estates and the relics of the feudal system, the abundance of country families which were reigning before London was thought of, preclude any possibility of such a condition; while in the other countries historical conditions and the limited area of the whole territory have made it possible for the leaven of the great city to permeate the whole nation much more than it has ever done in the few years and the vast area of the United States.

What a sight it would be if some day there should sound on Manhattan a sort of trumpet of Judgment Day-blown, one might fancy, by the Lady of Liberty For the odd part of it is that every visitor has a man whom he has ever seen. Heavens, if he could out in the harbor-commanding the sheep and goats guilty feeling that the grim hostility of the great city only know that this same clerk came from his own to separate, the New Yorkers on one side of the line and the outsiders on the other! What, for instance, bustle and gayety of the place he feels as if he were But he never will know. That is, the clerk will never would be the proportion of numbers if such a the one outsider, as if the whole city might rise at any tell him. trumpet should sound on a Saturday night during the theatre season? And what surprises such a call to intrude.

would unfold! The New Yorker would find that the grotesque

rested a man from the Twenty-second New York alty for his own ignorance. who was trying to pass the lines without a pass.

moment and demand, with a glare, how he had dared

outside of New York, far enough away so that his thing. He will go to his room, shave, bathe and make comedy of the sprightliest kind. haracter at whom he had been laughing as a typical business does not make him familiar with the place a complete change. If the symptoms continue he At the theatre he will discover with surprise how 'rube" would take his place beside him, having been and yet not so far that a trip to New York assumes should order a cup of coffee and read a few short exceedingly simple it is to get to his seat and will born in the shadow of the elevated and having never the aspect of a two days' journey. He arrives in the stories from the magazine which he has bought on the also note, with some disappointment, that the house

Connecticut infantry, acting as a provost guard, ar- the legitimate fare, which he pays as a willing pen- derstand. One provincial who has had the feeling

He arrives at the hotel a beaten man and takes The same feeling comes to the provincial in civilian any room offered him by the clerk, who appears to street corners and in front of saloons, as they do at life, felt most acutely on every visit to New York be the best dressed and most sophisticated young home is directed entirely against his little self. In all the State and had been in New York less than a year!

At this most hopeless minute of his life our visitor, if he is experienced in landing in strange places in the Take the case of a sample man-from a city well depressing hour of twilight, will do a very sensible will not be "The Old Homestead," but a musical been west of the Hudson. The provincial would find city probably on Saturday afternoon—for a week's train. If he is a drinking man he may follow his in- is no larger than the opera house at home. He had

Well fed and smoking a cigar almost as good as that supplied him by his honest little cigar dealer at home, he will stroll into the foyer with the admirable intention of "seeing a show." He may even ask some minor employe, like a bellboy or a chambermaid, what is "in town" that night. The fact that the employe knows less about it than he does will be the basis for surprise No. 2. His unconscious belief had been that the entire city of New York attended the theatres en masse every night in the week. If he only knew what bliss he could bring to the heart of the beliboy by

The Queer Effect.

Having now a place where he may eat and sleep, the visitor again views the world in a normal light and strolls out with confidence unalloyed. At first glance there is something queer about the atmosphere was almost a fight when a detachment of the Second shouting Jehu, who charges him two or three times of the hurrying streets which he does not quite unoften enough to analyze it explains that it is the lack of people stopping to greet each other, to cluster on

With plenty of time to find his way Mr. Provincial will get along swimmingly, especially if he discovers early in the game that because Broadway is east of Sixth avenue in some places it does not follow that it occupies the same relative position all the way up town. The visitor will probably make good his resolve to "see a show," and alas, alack! ten to one it

about horses and hounds and country houses. That stout woman, who chaperons, is undoubtedly one of the famous hostesses of the metropolis. Lucky is he that he is not near enough to hear what she is actually

"Well, I told George that if we came to New York it would be the last time. Little old Milwaukee is good enough for me."

Then that slim man with the silk hat and the bored air-a real New Yorker this time. Another leader of society-what a devil of a fellow he must be! But our friend from Homeville does not see the contemptuous glances of the waiters which follow the man as he glances idly from side to side, looking, as Mr. Provincial supposes, for some acquaintance with whom to lighten the ennul of an hour. The waiters know that he is looking for some good natured soul on whom he can graft the price of a supper and the drinks.

It is possible that one chance in a million will fall and that, in the stream of faces, our friend will see that of a fellow townsman. From the present point of view it is the most unfortunate thing that he could do, for, though they had but a bowing acquaintance at home, they would fall on each other's necks and the whole fruits of an evening's training would be lost. For when two people from Homeville fall together the atmosphere ceases to be New York and for all practical purposes they might as well be back on the corner of Main street and Homeville square.

All Days Alike.

The first day is a fair sample of all that are to follow. When he sums it all up, afterward, Mr. Provincial finds that he has done but three things-walk the streets aimlessly, watch the people and pour money into the cavernous pockets of the hotel and theatre proprietors. After a while he gets so that, in his morning walks, he can tell Fifth avenue without looking up at the lamp posts. He even sees people stranger to New York than he is and smiles with a quiet air of superiority.

On the second night he finds, to his surprise, that he has dropped into the same café as on the first night, and is rather proud of the fact that the waiters recognize him. He had had an idea that he would in a different place every evening, but habit, the sprongest force in human nature, gets the better of him and he has soon marked out a tiny section of New York which is all his own. When he has done that he has taken the first step toward becoming a naturalized New Yorker; yet somehow he had never realized before that all New Yorkers do not live all over the city at once.

And now for the provincial, in the eyes of the average New Yorker. It can be expressed in one word, "Yap." This does not refer, of course, to the viewpoint of the New Yorker who has been educated outside of the city or who is constantly on the move in all parts of the country, but to the man and woman of the streets and restaurants. The Yap may own the very apartment in which the New Yorker lives, but as long as he continues to vote and buy his hostery in Nashua the epithet is still applied to him. As one goes up the social scale the diction is finer, but the senti-ment remains the same.

"She is a girl from out of town," says the young

lady in society, referring to a friend who has been seen with her. The friend may come from Detroit or from Pensacola, but that makes no difference. The fact that she is "out of town" is the vital point of the

The Yaps have a good deal to say about this. George Washington was a Yap and Abraham Lincoln was from "out of town." So has been every President of the United States, with one exception. Jack Johnson is an honored Yap and so are most of the heroes of the national league, but instances have no appeal to

the New Yorker.

It is about an even deal. The New Yorker continues to scoff and the provincial, when he reaches home, smiles safely from the satisfaction of honest food, good air and a friendly neighborhood. And the Yap has this big advantage, that, while New York is a mighty little place, after all, there is a good deal to the rest of the American continent.